“VERY SATISFIED WITH THE FILTER PERFORMANCE”

Named after Carlsberg’s founder, J.C. Jacobsen, the Jacobsen Brewhouse was established in 2005 as one of the nuclei of the craft revolution in Denmark. Housed in the original Carlsberg brewery in Copenhagen, a broad spectrum of beers are created that embody the classical beer styles. The most well-known are: Brown Ale, Saaz Blonde, Original Dark Lager, Extra Pilsner, Weissbier, Pale Ale, India Pale Ale, Porter, and Golden Naked Christmas Ale. The latter gets its name from the fact that the malt is processed without the husk.

The brewery’s success backs up the strategy. Jacobsen has a six-figure number of visitors every year with an annual production that has risen to 25,000 hl. The beer is currently produced by 18 employees, and sold mainly in Denmark with some exports to Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, and Italy.

In 2016, both the production process and the flow of visitors through the Jacobsen Brewery had to be reorganized to accommodate necessary structural changes. To do this, the filter cellar had to be relocated. Carlsberg wanted to use this opportunity to simultaneously solve a very central challenge once and for all: handling the kieselguhr.

No kieselguhr handling, and the associated disposal of the kieselguhr sludge – which is classified as hazardous waste – permanently reduces the work load, especially in breweries of this size. The user-friendly fully automated function of the membrane filter is an additional advantage. These factors played an important role for Carlsberg.

Another plus of the system is the absolute stable quality of the membrane filtration due to the defined pore size of the membranes. The danger of iron intake into the filtrate from the kieselguhr is eliminated. Plus, the closed membrane filter system performs very well with regard to the important parameter of oxygen intake, which is reflected in flavor stability.

In addition to these technological advancements, membrane filtration provides a fully automated process. This is particularly important at Jacobsen, because there is no daylight in the new filter cellar. A law in Denmark requires that workers must see daylight at the latest after two hours. This is not a problem with BMF. The entire system, including backflushing and cleaning, runs without manual intervention. “Our operators are really happy with the filter because it is easy to operate and highly automated,” Bertelsen said.

Significantly lower beer loss

The BMF makes it easy to switch between types and colors of beer, and even the smallest batches can be efficiently filtered. This is where the actual on-off filtration shows its strengths.
BEVERAGE FILTRATION SOLUTIONS BMF +Flux Compact S4
JACOBSEN CRAFT BREWERY – 25,000 HL ANNUAL OUTPUT

CASE STUDY

The process is simple: filtration stops, beer is flushed out, the membrane is backflushed, and filtration begins on the next batch. Hardly a drop of beer is lost.

The low beer loss when switching types is a very central argument for BMF in breweries like Jacobsen that produce a wide range of beers at high value. The beer loss with a BMF is concretely between one and three percent. The lowest value is achieved if the flush can be done with deaerated water. Naturally, the brewery can also filter beer on beer, but that increases the beer loss due to the unavoidable mix-zones. By comparison, the beer loss with kieselguhr filters is normally between four and ten percent. The greatest loss occurs through non-automated kieselguhr filters, which are often found in small and medium-sized breweries.

For example, taking a rather conservative lower beer loss of two percent with membrane filtration compared to a kieselguhr filter and 25,000 hl of beer to be filtered, this means: Jacobsen can sell nearly 500 hl more of its craft beer. At the current sales prices, this is a very worthwhile investment.

Quickly integrated as a stand-alone solution

The BMF system at Jacobsen has been in service since January 2017. Installation, including commissioning, only took one week because the filter was pre-mounted as a stand-alone solution on a stainless steel frame and delivered pre-tested. The brewery only had to prepare the ingoing and outgoing beer connections, water, power, compressed air, and carbon dioxide. The compact structure of the filter unit that measures 3.5 by 1.2 meters was also a major advantage for easy integration.

Low oxygen pick-up is one of many improvements

“We are very satisfied with the filter performance,” Bertelsen summarized. He added that there were and are still challenges to overcome with the Jacobsen beers, which have an extremely high yeast content or use high amounts of dry hopping: “Our old filter presses were a bit more robust here,” he said. “However, now the oxygen pick-up in all beers is significantly lower.” Bertelsen is optimistic that there is further potential for optimization. “It’s never easy to integrate a totally new technology into such a complex environment. But the system has proven that teething pains can be quickly overcome.”

Practice has also shown that the setup times with a membrane filter related to the filtered beer volumes are shorter in smaller breweries. This can be explained as follows: The kieselguhr filter is cleaned daily and re-flooded. The membrane filter, however, can be left overnight in an interim caustic cleaning solution. In the morning, the filter is rinsed and then filtration continues. The big cleaning is only done when the cycle end of the filter is reached or the backflush intervals become too short. Or, as at Jacobsen, the two to three filtration days per week are completed. The cleaning is fully automatic and is performed outside of the actual filtration time, without an operator needing to be present. With a kieselguhr filter, the setup times fall completely within the production time. Which means filtration time is lost. Therefore, the efficiency of membrane filtration is significantly higher than with a kieselguhr filter.

“The entire project ran very well, also the dedication on the part of Pentair was exemplary,” Bertelsen summarized after about nine months of membrane filtration. “The filter has performed to our fullest satisfaction, especially the very low oxygen pick-up is a great improvement.”

Enjoying a glass of BMF filtered beer (from left): Soren Granberg, Carlsberg; Elmar van Mastrigt, Pentair Project Manager R&D Beverage and Oliver Meckler, Pentair Senior Area Sales Manager Beverage

PENTAIR WATER PROCESS TECHNOLOGY BY
P.O. BOX 741 NL-7500 AS ENSCHEDE, NETHERLANDS BEVERAGEFILTRATIONSOLUTIONS@PENTAIR.COM WWW.FOODANDBEVERAGE.PENTAIR.COM

All Pentair trademarks and logos are owned by Pentair. All other brand or product names are trademarks or registered marks of their respective owners. Because we are continuously improving our products and services, Pentair reserves the right to change specifications without prior notice. Pentair is an equal opportunity employer.